Beyond the Ten Principles: Merchant Transmission Policy &

Why It Still Matters

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Note: The Views Presented are the Presenter's Alone and Do Not Necessarily Represent Those of Other Staff or the Commission

Policy Perspective

- → Regulatory Framework to Establish Merchant Projects
- → Merchant Project Operation
- → Merchant v. Conventional Transmission

The Ten Principles

- → Conformity Necessary for Negotiated Rate Approval
- → Supplies Framework for Merchant Transmission Projects
- → Australian Origins

Ten Principles: Briefly

- 1) FULL MARKET RISK
- 2) USE RTO/ISO TARIFF
- 3) TRADABLE TRANSMISSION RIGHTS
- 4) OPEN SEASON
- 5) Post Open Season Results on OASIS

- 6) AFFILIATE CONCERNS ADDRESSED
- 7) Does not preclude access to essential facilities
- 8) MARKET MONITORING
- 9) SUBJECT TO RTO/ISO RELIABILITY REQUIREMENTS
- 10) Does not impair pre-existing property rights

- 1) Full Market Risk: The Merchant Investor Must Assume Full Market Risk
 - → Pays Full Cost of Line
 - → Assumes Business, Credit, & Other Risk
 - → Reaps All Rewards
 - → Incurs No Obligation to Serve

- 2) RTO/ISO Tariff: Service Provided Under RTO/ISO Tariff & Controlled by RTO/ISO
 - → Merchant Does not File Own Tariff
 - ✓ RTO's/ISO's OATT
 - ✓ Merchant Adds Specific Provisions
 - Inherent Tension Between RTO/ISO and Merchant Provider

- 3) Tradable Transmission Rights:
 Merchant Must Create Tradable
 Transmission Rights
 - → Rights Sold to Finance Line
 - → Can Be Sold in Secondary Market
 - → "Use It or Lose It" Provisions

- 4) Open Season: An Open Season Process Should be Employed to Initially Allocate Transmission Rights
 - → Initial Allocation Auction/Offer Process, Public and Open to All Qualified Parties
 - Desirable Characteristics
 - ✓ Parties that Value Rights Most Receive Them
 - ✓ Relatively Transparent Transactions
 - ✓ Business Conducted at Arm's Length
 - **→** Is There Something Wrong with Open Season?

- 8) Market Monitoring: Merchant Facility Subject to Market Monitoring for Market Power Abuse
 - Monitoring Authority Implicitly Devolves Upon Host RTO/ISO
 - Enforcement Power not Tested

Ten Principles: Summary

- → Merchant Lines Islands Unto Themselves
 - ✓ Usually DC
 - ✓ Transmission Rights Usually Physical and Allocated Separately from the LMP Process
- →RTO/ISO Shoulders Tariff Filing Responsibility
- →Open Season for Initial Rights

Conjunction Disjunction

- → Will Sink in NYC
- → Public Support
- → Companies: "We can't get this past our credit committees right now"

Why Merchant Transmission Policy Still Matters

- → Transmission Needs Still Exist
- → Merchant Investments Sink in Load Pockets

Future Policy Issues

- → Supply of Merchant Transmission Capacity
 - ✓ Load Pockets
 - ✓ Cherrypicking
 - ✓ Funding
- → Market Power
 - ✓ Withholding Possibilities
 - ✓ Open Season Restrictions?

Future Policy Issues

- → Physical Merchant Rights v. Financial Conventional Rights in LMP System
 - ✓ Do Physical Rights Create Seams?
 - ✓ Can Physical Transmission Rights be Converted into Financial Rights?

Future Policy Issues

- → The Evolving "Non-Regulatory Compact"
 - ✓ Merchant
 - ♦All Reward, All Risk
 - ♦No Obligation to Serve
 - ✓ Conventional
 - ♦ Regulated ROR, Shared Risk
 - Obligation to Serve

Final Thoughts

- → Merchant Transmission Will Play Limited but Important Role
- → Watch
 - ✓ Load Pockets
 - ✓ Integration Challenges
 - ✓ Conventional Transmission

For More Information . . .

→U.S.

- ✓ TransÉnergie: Docket ER00-1; Initial Filing and 6/1/00 Order 91 FERC¶61,230
- ✓ NUSCO: Docket ER01-2584, Order 97 FERC¶61,026

→ Australia

- ✓ www.neca.com.au
 - Working Group Report on Entrepreneurial Connectorspage link

http://www.neca.com.au/Reviews.asp?CategoryID=5 1&SubCategoryID=202